

**Amendment No. 3 to SB0695**

**Fowler**  
**Signature of Sponsor**

**FILED**

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Time \_\_\_\_\_

Clerk \_\_\_\_\_

Comm. Amdt. \_\_\_\_\_

**AMEND Senate Bill No. 695\***

**House Bill No. 691**

by deleting all language following the enacting clause and substituting instead the following:

SECTION 1. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 63-3-101, is amended by deleting the existing language in its entirety and substituting instead the following:

(a) Within this chapter, a "podiatrist" means one who examines, diagnoses, or treats medically, mechanically, or surgically, the ailments of the human foot, ankle and soft tissue structures that control functions of the human foot, including the use and prescribing of drugs and medications, but excluding the direct applications of general anesthesia by a podiatrist and the amputation of the foot. A podiatrist may perform Achilles tendon repair, subject to the provisions of subsection (b), but may not perform surgery on Pilon fractures or tibial fractures which do not enter the ankle joint.

(b) A podiatrist who is first licensed in Tennessee prior to January 1, 2001 may perform ankle surgery only when that podiatrist meets the requirements of either (1) or (2) below:

(1) Has completed a surgical residency program at least twelve (12) months in length which has been approved by the Council on Podiatric Medical Education and is currently certified by the American Board of Podiatric Surgery to perform foot and ankle surgery; or

(2) Has completed a surgical residency program at least twelve (12) months in length which has been approved by the Council on Podiatric Medical Education and is either certified by, or is currently eligible for certification to perform reconstructive rearfoot/ankle surgery by, the American Board of Podiatric Surgery; provided, however, a podiatrist who qualifies to perform ankle surgery

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under subdivision (2) must obtain certification to perform reconstructive rearfoot/ankle surgery from the American Board of Podiatric Surgery within six (6) years of the effective date of this act and may not continue to perform ankle surgery if he or she has not obtained certification within that six (6) year period.

(c) A podiatrist who is first licensed in Tennessee after January 1, 2001, may perform ankle surgery only when that podiatrist has completed a surgical residency program at least twenty-four (24) months in length which has been approved by the Council on Podiatric Medical Education and is either certified by or eligible for certification by the American Board of Podiatric Surgery to perform reconstructive rearfoot / ankle surgery.

(d) A licensed podiatrist may perform ankle surgery only in a JCAHO-accredited hospital or ambulatory medical treatment center licensed under Title 68 at which the podiatrist has surgical privileges to perform ankle surgery. A podiatrist who performs ankle surgery in an ambulatory surgical treatment center must first have surgical privileges to perform ankle surgery at a local hospital. A licensed podiatrist who performs ankle surgery must meet the same standard of care applicable to orthopaedic surgeons who perform ankle surgery.

(e) Licensed podiatrists may perform non-surgical care on the ankle without meeting the requirements of subsection (b).

**SECTION 2.** This act shall take effect upon becoming a law, the public welfare requiring

it.